

Capsule Summary
SM-343
Ford/Sterling House
Leonardtown
Private

c. 1850's

The Ford/Sterling House, constructed in the 1850's, is a significant two-story, three bay, Italianate-style dwelling located near the commercial heart of Leonardtown, Maryland. While an important example of the Italianate-style in Leonardtown, the house also has important associations with a county judge and possibly with a pair of local contractors.

In 1848 John Baltzell purchased a 1 3/4 acre tract in Leonardtown from Ann Carpenter. Baltzell, a native of Frederick County, Maryland, presumably purchased the lot for his daughter Ellen M. Baltzell and her husband Judge Robert Ford. While Judge Ford was apparently living on the lot as early as the 1840's, the architectural evidence found in the Ford/Sterling house as well as other nearby dwellings suggests a later construction date. Eldon (SM-338), for instance, constructed in 1867, features nearly identical exterior details, massing, fenestration, floor plan, stair newel, and stair brackets. Eldon was built for Robert C. Combs and his wife Ruth E. (Ford) Combs (the daughter of Judge Robert and Ellen Ford) by Thomas C. Greenwell and George Horne. Because of the exterior and interior similarities between the two dwellings it is plausible that the two were built by the same builder.

In 1885, the heirs of Judge Robert Ford sold the property to Margaret Ellen Boyd who then transferred the property to J. Parran Crane and Mollie D. Crane in 1891. In 1911, the Cranes sold the house to Lynwood J. and Ruth E. Sterling who constructed a significant addition to the house. Because of their growing family, the Sterling's built a Queen-Anne style turret as

Capsule Summary
SM-343
Ford/Sterling House
Leonardtown
Private
(Page 2)

well as a rear kitchen ell on the north side of the dwelling. According to oral tradition, the addition was styled after the Sterling's old home on the Eastern Shore. The three sided, two story, turret featured a steep four sided roof covered with pressed-tin shingles. This design also has precursors in Leonardtown such as the c. 1899 W.W. Sawyer House (SM-365). At present, the Ford/Sterling house remains under the Sterling family ownership.

SM-343, Ford/Sterling House
St. Mary's County
Maryland Comprehensive State Historic Preservation Data

Historic Context

Geographic Organization:	Western Shore
Chronological/Developmental Period:	Agricultural-Industrial Transition, 1815-1870
Historic Period Theme:	Architecture

Resource Type

Category:	Building
Historic Environment:	Town
Historic Function and Use:	Dwelling
Known Design Source:	None

**Maryland Historical Trust
State Historic Sites Inventory Form**

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF
HISTORIC PROPERTIES

Survey No. SM-343

Magi No.

DOE ☐ yes ☐ no

1. Name (indicate preferred name)

historic Ford House

and/or common Sterling House (pref.)

2. Location

street & number 22770 Washington Street (new numbering system) ☐ not for publication

city, town Leonardtown ☐ vicinity of congressional district 3

state Maryland county St. Mary's TM 133, P 476

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use	
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> occupied	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> museum
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> unoccupied	<input type="checkbox"/> commercial	<input type="checkbox"/> park
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress	<input type="checkbox"/> educational	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private residence
<input type="checkbox"/> site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment	<input type="checkbox"/> religious
<input type="checkbox"/> object	<input type="checkbox"/> in process	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> yes: restricted	<input type="checkbox"/> government	<input type="checkbox"/> scientific
	<input type="checkbox"/> being considered	<input type="checkbox"/> yes: unrestricted	<input type="checkbox"/> industrial	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> not applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> other:

4. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Mary T. Sterling, et al

street & number PO Box 203 telephone no.: 301-475-2447

city, town Leonardtown state and zip code Md 20650

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. St. Mary's County Courthouse liber EWA 980

street & number folio 244

city, town Leonardtown state Maryland

6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys

title Sterling House

date September 1980 ☐ federal ☒ state ☒ county ☒ local

depository for survey records Maryland Historical Trust

city, town Crownsville state Maryland

7. Description

Survey No. SM-343

Condition

☒ excellent
☐ good
☐ fair

☐ deteriorated
☐ ruins
☐ unexposed

Check one

☐ unaltered
☒ altered

Check one

☒ original site
☐ moved date of move _____

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Contributing Resource Count: 1

The Sterling House is located on the east side of Washington Street approximately 0.2 miles south of the intersection of Washington Street and Route 5 in the heart of Leonardtown's historic and commercial center. The dwelling is oriented on a east/west axis and is situated on a steep easterly sloping 1.3 acre parcel. The east slope has been diminished by a series of two grassy terraces. The house is bounded on the west by Washington Street, on the south by the Wesley Chapel (SM-530), on the east by a wooded tract, and to the north by a vacant wooded town lot.

The Sterling house, constructed c. 1850s, is a two story, three bay, Italianate-style dwelling with a side-passage, double-pile plan and a c. 1910s two story addition. The original section of the dwelling rests on a five-to-one common bond brick foundation while the addition is situated on a seven-to-one common bond brick foundation. The frame walls are sheathed with aluminum siding. The wide projecting eaves feature an enclosed cornice. The hipped roof over the main section is sheathed with raised-seam metal, while the roof of the turret addition is composed of decorative pressed metal shingles and raised-seam metal. The roof is pierced by two interior brick chimneys that each contain raised or projecting panels much like those found at Greenbriar (SM-211) and Eldon (SM-338).

The primary or west elevation consists of the original two-story, three bay section and the c. 1910s, three sided, two-story turret. The original section is pierced by two, nine-over-six, double-hung sash windows--each window featuring a pair of louvered shutters--and a pair of panelled French or swinging doors with a single light transom overhead. The first floor of the original section is entirely shaded by a wrap around porch supported by a series of square columns that feature bands of trim near their tops to indicate capitals. The second floor features three, six-over-six windows with each window exhibiting a pair of louvered shutters. On the first and second floor, the c. 1910s turret features three sides with each side containing a one-over-one window. The roof of the turret is covered with pressed metal shingles and the peak exhibits a finial.

The south elevation of the original section is pierced on the first floor by two, six-over-six windows. The porch wraps around the southwest corner of the dwelling to shade these two openings. The second floor is pierced by three, six-over-six windows. This elevation also features a c. 1910 two-story, shed roof (similar to the roofs found on so called "flounder houses" in urban areas such as Georgetown and Annapolis, Maryland) addition that extends beyond the rear of the house. This addition features a six-over-six window on the first floor and a six-over-six window and two-over-two window on the second floor.

The east elevation features the rear sides of the original section and the 1910s additions. The original section is pierced by a paired set of six-over-six windows and a six panel door on the first floor. These bays are shaded by a porch with square columns with the identical use of trim to indicate capitals. Three, six-over-six windows pierce the second floor. Between the original section and the projecting addition is a door on the first floor that leads to the rear porch and a two-over-two window on the second floor. The projecting addition features a six-pane-over-three-panel door that permits access to the basement. This door is protected by a projecting eave

8. Significance

Survey No. SM-343

Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400–1499	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-historic	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500–1599	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> sculpture
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600–1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> social/
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700–1799	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> music	<input type="checkbox"/> humanitarian
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800–1899	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> theater
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900–	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
		<input type="checkbox"/> invention		<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify)

Specific dates

Builder/Architect

check: Applicable Criteria: ☒ A ☒ B ☒ C ☐ D
and/or
Applicable Exception: ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D ☐ E ☐ F ☐ G

Level of Significance: ☐ national ☒ state ☒ local

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

The Ford/Sterling House, constructed in the 1850s, is a significant Italianate-style dwelling located near the commercial heart of Leonardtown, Maryland. While an important example of the Italianate-style in Leonardtown, the house also has important associations with a county judge and possibly with a pair of local contractors.

In 1848 John Baltzell purchased a 1 3/4 acre tract in Leonardtown from Ann Carpenter. Baltzell, a native of Frederick County, Maryland, presumably purchased the lot for his daughter Ellen M. Baltzell and her husband Judge Robert Ford. Interestingly, Judge Ford is listed as already living on the lot when Baltzell bought the town lot. While this points to a c. 1840s construction date, the architectural evidence found in the Ford/Sterling house suggests a later date. First, the Italianate-style did not emerge in St. Mary's County until, at the earliest, the 1850s. Second, a very similar house, Eldon (SM-338) was not constructed until 1867. Eldon features a nearly identical floor plan, stair newel, and stair brackets. The mantles at the Ford/Sterling House, however, feature a squatty, rectilinear, and more severe appearance than the mantles at Eldon thus pointing to a pre-Civil War construction date.

Interestingly, Eldon was built for Robert C. Combs and his wife Ruth E. (Ford) Combs (the daughter of Judge Robert and Ellen Ford) by Thomas C. Greenwell and George Horne. Because of the exterior and interior similarities between the two dwellings it seems plausible that the two were built by the same builder. The familial and architectural ties between these two buildings need to be more closely investigated.

Judge Robert and Ellen Ford had three children Ruth E., J. Frank, and P. Frances. The prominent status of the Ford family is confirmed by the activities of at least two of their children. As previously mentioned Ruth E. Ford married a prominent local lawyer Robert C. Combs and J. Frank Ford eventually became the St. Mary's County Clerk of the Circuit Court. In 1885, the heirs of Judge Robert Ford sold the property to Margaret Ellen Boyd for \$1000. Margaret and Thomas Boyd then sold the property to J. Parran Crane and Mollie D. Crane in 1891. In 1911, the Cranes sold the house to Lynwood J. and Ruth E. Sterling.

Survey No. SM-343

PS-2746

SM-343, Sterling House
St. Mary's County
7.1 Description

supported by a pair of brackets. A six-over-six window with a modern planter box over it pierces the first floor.

The north elevation consists of two simultaneously constructed sections, separated by a slight jog in the wall. The eastern section of this elevation is pierced by two, six-over-six windows. A six-over-six window located between the two floors provides light to a rear service stair. The second floor is pierced by two, six-over-six windows. The western section is pierced by two elongated two-over-two windows on the first floor and three, smaller sized two-over-two windows on the second floor.

The interior of the original section features a double-pile, side-passage plan. The stair passage features an open string stair with a squatty-shaped turned newel, rounded balusters, and scroll sawn stair brackets. From the stair passage, both the front and rear parlors can be entered via a six panel door surrounded by an architrave. The parlors are separated by a pair of pocket-sliding doors that are panelled. Each of the parlors feature a mantle decorated with a pair of squatty, square-shaped, engaged columns that support a plain fascia frieze and a shelf. The rear parlor mantle also features a semicircular opening for the firebox. This opening's edge is decorated with a grapevine motif. The ceilings on the first floor are twelve feet high. The stair passage also permits entry into the c. 1910s addition. The northwest corner room served as the dining room and still contains the family table that could serve at least twenty people. The door and window surrounds of this room and the other rooms in the addition feature corner blocks and reeded trim. To the east of the dining room is space that leads to the rear kitchen ell. The kitchen ell features a pantry and food preparation area. This section of the house is sheathed with diagonally placed beaded matchstick and features an enclosed service stair. The second floor of the house was inaccessible at the time of the visit.

SM-343, Ford/Sterling House
St. Mary's County
8.1 Significance

Chain-of-Title

(All deeds are located at the Land Records Office, St. Mary's County Courthouse, Leonardtown, Maryland unless otherwise noted.)

Reference: Liber EWA 980, Folio 244

Grantee: Mary Theresa Sterling and Joseph Ernest Bell II and St. Aloysius R.C. Church

Grantor: John M. Sterling

Date: August 17, 1993

Notes: The deed notes that the tract contains 1.3 acres and contains a two story frame house.

Reference: Liber EWA 980, Folio 241

Grantee: John M. Sterling (son of John B. and Nell L. Sterling)

Grantor: John M. Sterling (personal representative of Nell L. Sterling)

Date: August 17, 1993

Notes: Nell L. Sterling died on July 8, 1992 intestate so John M. Sterling was appointed personal representative.

Reference: Liber EWA 980, Folio 2

Grantee: Nell L. Sterling

Grantor: John M. Sterling acting on behalf of Nell L. Sterling

Date: August 17, 1993

Notes: In 1964 Ruth Sterling died. She was survived by 12 children and 5 grandchildren. The property was then conveyed to Nell L. Sterling by John M. Sterling who acted on her behalf as the personal representative of the estate of John B. Sterling.

Reference: Liber EBA 9, Folio 188

Grantee: Lynwood J. and Ruth E. Sterling

Grantor: J. Parran Crane and Mollie D. Crane

Date: January 27, 1911

Reference: Liber JFF 12, Folio 436

Grantee: J. Parran and Mollie D. Crane

Grantor: Thomas and Margaret E. Boyd

Date: March 26, 1891

Notes: The property is purchased from the Boyds for \$2000.

Reference: Liber JFF 9, Folio 377

Grantee: Margaret Ellen Boyd

Grantor: J. Frank Ford and Ida C. Ford, Robert C. Combs and Ruth E. Combs, and Frances P. Ford -- heirs of Ellen M. Ford and Robert Ford

Date: December 15, 1885

Notes: Margaret Ellen Boyd purchased the property for \$1000. The deed also notes that Ellen M. (Baltzell) Ford received the property from her father John Baltzell of Frederick City, Maryland. His will, made on November 20, 1850, advanced \$2500 to his daughter to purchase a house and lot in Leonardtown. When he died in 1854 the property reverted to Ellen.

— SM-343, Ford/Sterling House
St. Mary's County
8.2 Significance

Reference: Liber WTM 1, Folio 351

Grantee: John Baltzell

Grantor: Ann Carpenter

Date: January 4, 1848

Notes: The deed notes that the lot was occupied by Robert Ford. It notes that Ann Carpenter purchased the property from Richard Forrest, Joseph Forrest, Nicolaus Turck and Elizabeth A. Turck. While containing 1 3/4 acres, the lot did not include the portion of the lot on which the Methodist Church now stands. The property line is noted as being 10 feet from said wall of the church.

Reference: Liber JH 13, Folio 402

Grantee: Ann Carpenter

Grantor: Richard Forrest, Joseph Forrest, Nicolaus Turck and Elizabeth A. Turck (heirs of James Forrest

Date: 1844

Notes: The deed notes that the property contains two acres.

SM-343, Ford/Sterling House

St. Mary's County

8.3 Significance

Soon after they purchased the house, the Sterling's constructed a significant addition to the house. Because of their growing family, 12 children in all, the Sterling's built a Queen-Anne style turret as well as a rear kitchen ell on the north side of the dwelling. According to oral tradition, the addition was styled after the Sterling's old home on the Eastern Shore. The three sided, two story, turret featured a steep four sided roof covered with pressed-tin shingles. This design also has predecessors in Leonardtown such as the W.W. Sawyer House (SM-365). The house remains under the Sterling family ownership.

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

1 NAME

HISTORIC

AND/OR COMMON

Sterling House

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER

218 Washington Street (old numbering system)

CITY, TOWN

Leonardtown

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

STATE

Maryland

VICINITY OF

COUNTY

St. Mary's

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY

☐ DISTRICT☒ BUILDING(S)☐ STRUCTURE☐ SITE☐ OBJECT

OWNERSHIP

☐ PUBLIC☒ PRIVATE☐ BOTH

PUBLIC ACQUISITION

☐ IN PROCESS☐ BEING CONSIDERED

STATUS

☒ OCCUPIED☐ UNOCCUPIED☐ WORK IN PROGRESS

ACCESSIBLE

☐ YES RESTRICTED☐ YES UNRESTRICTED☒ NO

PRESENT USE

☐ AGRICULTURE☐ MUSEUM☐ COMMERCIAL☐ PARK☐ EDUCATIONAL☒ PRIVATE RESIDENCE☐ ENTERTAINMENT☐ RELIGIOUS☐ GOVERNMENT☐ SCIENTIFIC☐ INDUSTRIAL☐ TRANSPORTATION☐ MILITARY☐ OTHER**4 OWNER OF PROPERTY**

NAME

Ruth Sterling

Telephone #:

STREET & NUMBER

218 Washington Street

CITY, TOWN

Leonardtown

VICINITY OF

Maryland ^{STATE} 20650 zip code**5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION**

COURTHOUSE

REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.

St. Mary's County Courthouse

Liber #:

Folio #:

STREET & NUMBER

Courthouse Square

CITY, TOWN

Leonardtown

^{STATE}
Maryland**6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS**

TITLE

DATE

☐ FEDERAL ☐ STATE ☐ COUNTY ☐ LOCALDEPOSITORY FOR
SURVEY RECORDS

CITY, TOWN

STATE

7 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION		CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
<input type="checkbox"/> EXCELLENT	<input type="checkbox"/> DETERIORATED	<input type="checkbox"/> UNALTERED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL SITE
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GOOD	<input type="checkbox"/> RUINS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ALTERED	<input type="checkbox"/> MOVED DATE _____
<input type="checkbox"/> FAIR	<input type="checkbox"/> UNEXPOSED		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Sterling House is a two-story frame house of the late 19th century located on the east side of Washington St. facing west toward the intersection of Shadrick Street. The main facade on Washington St. is 4 bays wide; the northernmost bay projects in a polygonal tower through both floors, ending in a conical turret with a stamped metal roof and a knob finial. The main roof is low pitched with a metal standing seam surface. The exterior is covered in asbestos shingles. A 1-story flat roofed porch covers the remaining three bays of the west facade and curves around onto the south elevation. It has vernacular Tuscan square columns. The foundation is brick and there is a central brick chimney. The fenestration is varied, including several modern alterations and aluminum sash and green louvred shutters at some windows.

Several frame outbuildings behind the house may vary in construction date from contemporary with the house to modern

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

PERIOD		AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
<input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> RELIGION	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY)	
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION			

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Sterling House is a fairly intact example of late-19th century small town residential architecture. The prominent corner turret so often found in Queen Anne and other styles of the period is here tacked on to a basic traditional floor plan. Undoubtedly this was an attempt by the builder to emphasize the house's position on the main street of Leonardtown, but the siting of the house back from the street and the subsequent tree growth around it have now blunted the impact of this feature. Nevertheless, it indicates a feeling for urban location by the builder, in spite of Leonardtown's small size.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY _____

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE

COUNTY

STATE

COUNTY

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Janet Davis

ORGANIZATION

MHT/SHA Surveyor

DATE

September 26, 1980

STREET & NUMBER

21 State Circle

TELEPHONE

(301) 269-2438

CITY OR TOWN

Annapolis

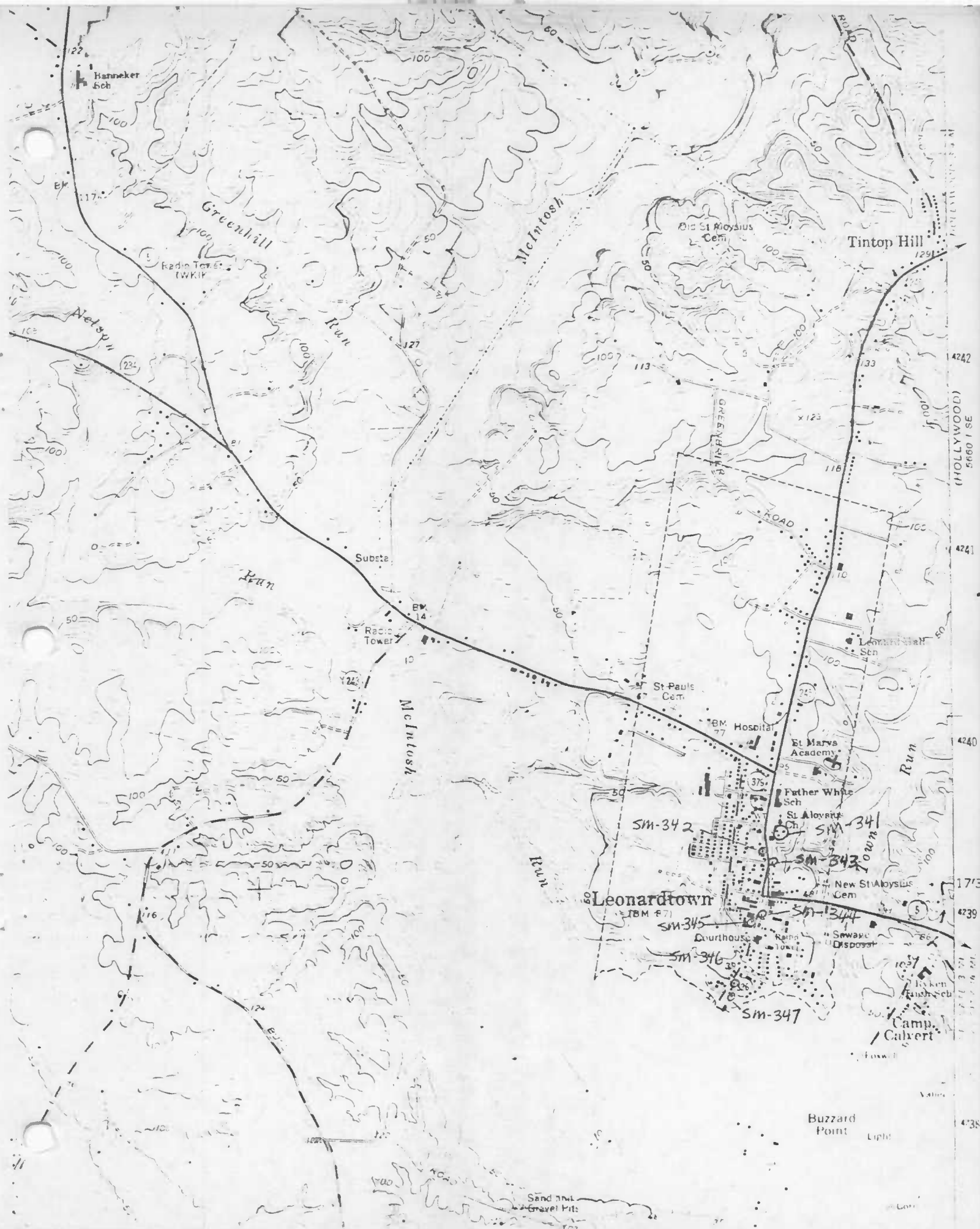
STATE

Maryland 21401

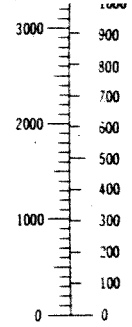
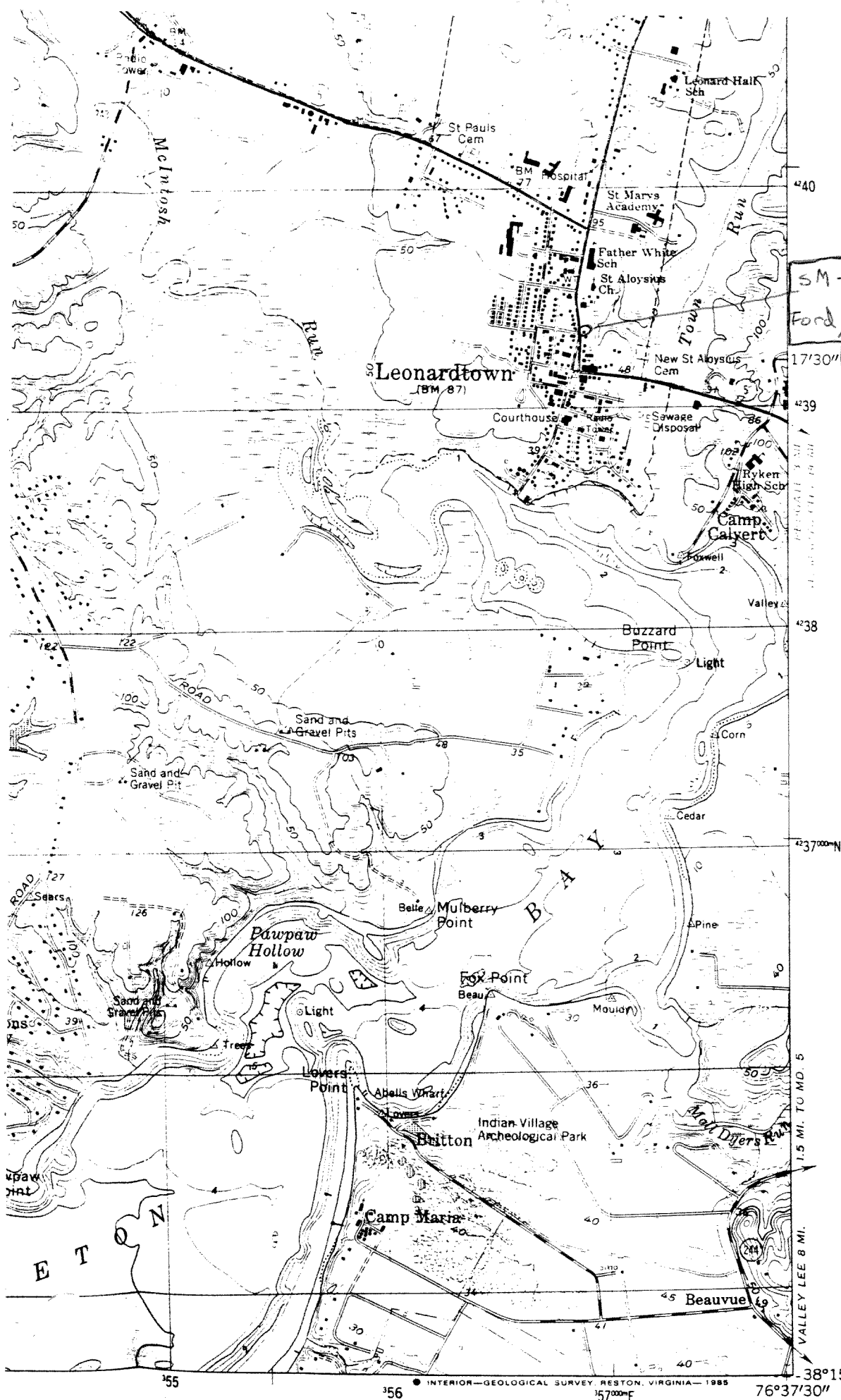
The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 267-1438



LEONARDTOWN QUAD

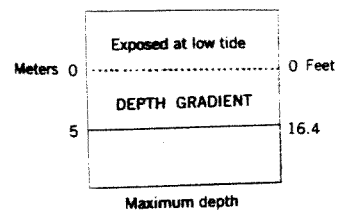


SM-343
Ford/Sterling
House

Feet	Meters
1	3048
2	5096
3	9144
4	1.2192
5	1.5240
6	1.8288
7	2.1336
8	2.4384
9	2.7432
10	3.0480

To convert feet to meters
multiply by .3048

To convert meters to feet
multiply by 3.2808



LEONARDTOWN, MD.
SW/4 LEONARDTOWN 15 QUADRANGLE
38076-C6-TB-024

1963
BATHYMETRY ADDED 1982
PHOTOREVISED 1984
DMA 5660 I SW SERIES V833

INTERIOR—GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, RESTON, VIRGINIA—1985

ROAD CLASSIFICATION

Heavy-duty ————— Light-duty —————

(PIN-Y POINT
5660 II N



SM-343

Ford - Stealing House

St. Mary's County, Md

Rick Flannery

March 1997

Md SHPO

W & S. 1/2 Section

1 of 4



SM-343

Sieling House

St. Mary's County

Rick Rancetta

May 1997

MD SNPO

View from porch - looking E

2 of 4



SM-343

Sterling House

St. Mary's County

Kirk Ranzetta

May 1997

Vol 240

Set 2 locations

2 of 4



SM-342

Sterling House

St. Mary's County

Kirk Parnell

May 1997

md SHPO

Interior - looking N

1 of 4



